



What should I already know?

I know what religion (if any) myself and my classmates follow and I am respectful of this.

I can recognise places of worship

I can recognise the 5 pillars of Islam: shahada (confession of faith), salat (prayer), zakat (almsgiving), sawm (fasting, especially during the month of Ramadan), and hajj (the pilgrimage to Mecca).

I can identify sacred holy books.

The Jewish holy book is called The Torah and it is from the old testament of The Bible.

Christianity is the religion of a Christian their place of worship is the church and their holy book is the Bible.

I will know the similarities and differences between multiple religions based on my prior knowledge.

I can identify most Christian, Islamic and Jewish artefacts.

I will know what a Buddhist place of worship looks like from personal experience.

What will I know by the end of the unit?

I know what religion (if any) myself and my classmates follow and I am respectful of this.

I know all about Diwali – the festival of lights.

Understand the terms: theist, atheist and agnostic and can identify which one I am.

Understand the effect religion can have upon everyday life.

Understand and explore how God has no form, Sikhs do not have images of God in their place of worship, the gurdwara.

Sikhs do have pictures of holy people, eg Guru Nanak, the founder of Sikhism. However, they do not worship the Gurus.

Understand the importance of charity and how this comes into religion.

Make comparisons between Islam, Judaism, Christianity, Hinduism, Buddhism and Sikhism.

Vocabulary

Sikhism	Is a religion that believes in one God. The followers are called Sikhs
Sikh	Someone who follows Sikhism.
Guru	Spiritual teacher
Guru Nanak	The founder of Sikhism.
Gurdwara	A Sikh place of worship
Guru Granth Sahib	The Sikh holy text.
Sargun	The belief that God is everywhere and in everything.
Nirgun	The belief that God is above and beyond everything.
Nam Japna	The duty of keeping God in mind at all times.
Kirt Karna	The duty of earning an honest living and avoiding crime, begging and gambling.
Vand Chhakna	The duty of giving to charity and caring for others.
Shabads	Sacred hymns in the Guru Granth Sahib.
Sacred	Holy sense
faith	Trusting in something or someone.
Diwali	Festival of lights
Theist	Believe in God.
Atheist	Doesn't believe in God.
Agnostic	A person who holds the view that any ultimate reality (such as God) is unknown and probably unknowable broadly

Key Questions

Why do some people think God exists?

Is it better to express your religion in arts or architecture or in charity and generosity?